

LGBTIQA+ PRIDE FLAGS



RAINBOW FLAG

The Rainbow Flag is recognised worldwide as symbolising Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Intersex and Queer pride and diversity. A redesigned update to the iconic rainbow banner include black and brown stripes representing people of colour.



TRANSGENDER PRIDE FLAG

The Transgender Pride Flag represents the transgender community whose gender identity or gender expression does not align with their sex assigned at birth. The stripes represent male, female and undefined or transitioning.



PROGRESSIVE FLAG

Graphic designer Daniel Quasar has added a five-coloured chevron to the LGBT Rainbow Flag to place a greater emphasis on "inclusion and progression". This Flag adds five arrow-shaped lines to the six-coloured Rainbow Flag, which is widely recognised as the symbol of lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) communities. The flag includes black and brown stripes to represent LGBT communities of colour, along with the colours pink, light blue and white, which are used on the Transgender Pride Flag.



INTERSEX FLAG

Intersex people have innate sex characteristics that don't fit medical and social norms for female or male bodies, and that create risks or experiences of stigma, discrimination and harm. The flag, created by Morgan Carpenter in 2013, incorporates colours traditionally associated with intersex people, and an unbroken circle representing bodily integrity.



BISEXUAL FLAG

The Bisexual Flag represents sexual attraction to two or more genders, the gender the same as your own and to other genders.



PANSEXUAL FLAG

On the Pansexual Flag the pink and blue colours represent sexual attraction, regardless of biological sex, to the male and the female spectrum, and the yellow portion in between: non-binary attraction, such as to androgynous, agender and gender fluid people.



ASEXUAL PRIDE FLAG

On the Asexual Pride Flag, the black stripe represents asexuality, the grey stripe represents the grey-area between sexual and asexual, the white stripe sexuality, and the purple stripe community.

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AROMANTIC FLAG

An aromantic person is someone who experiences little or no romantic attraction to other people. Being aromantic is not the same as being asexual. Flag Meaning: Dark Green: Represents aromanticism. Light Green: Represents the aromantic spectrum. White: Represents platonic and aesthetic attraction, as well as queer/quasi platonic relationships. Grey: Represents grey-aromantic and demiromantic people. Black: Represents the sexuality spectrum.



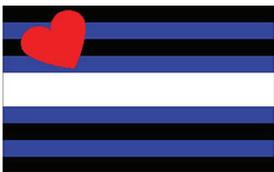
NON-BINARY FLAG

People whose gender identity does not fit within the traditional male/female binary. The Non-Binary Flag was created by Kyle Rowan in 2014. The four horizontal stripes of the colors- yellow, white, purple, and black are symbolic for Non-Binary peoples' experience.



GENDERQUEER FLAG

The genderqueer pride flag is a Marilyn Roxie design, 3rd and final version created in June 2011. The design is aesthetically similar to the gay and lesbian, bisexual, transgender, asexual, and pansexual flags; that is, horizontal bars of colour with special meaning. Lavender is the mixture of blue and pink (traditional colours associated with men and women, present on the transgender pride flag) as lavender is meant to represent androgynes and androgyny. Also represents the "queer" in genderqueer, as lavender is a colour that has long been associated with "queerness", including gay, lesbian, and bisexual communities. White is meant to represent agender identity, congruent with the gender neutral white on the transgender pride flag. Dark Chartreuse Green is the inverse of the lavender color; meant to represent "third gender" identity, i.e. those whose identities are defined outside of and without reference to the binary.



LEATHER PRIDE FLAG

Also known as "black and blue with love," the leather pride flag is not associated with any particular sexual gender preference (though it's used most commonly by gay men) but instead indicates a preference for kink. The "leather subculture" is somewhat hard to define as it encompasses a wide variety of activities. In general they all involve two things: leather and sex, although in modern times it's also used for BDSM (which doesn't necessarily include leather) or people who really like wearing leather clothing (but not necessarily for a sexual purpose).



BEAR FLAG (GAY CULTURE)

The International Bear Brotherhood Flag was designed to represent the bear subculture within the LGBT community. The colors of the flag are meant to include the colors of the furs of animal bears throughout the world, not necessarily referring to human skin and hair color tones: Dark brown, orange/rust, golden yellow, tan, white, gray, and black. The flag was designed with inclusion in mind. The gay bear culture celebrates secondary sex characteristics such as growth of body hair and facial hair, which is typically considered a "bear" trait.

PLEASE NOTE

There are many other pride flags that represent other sub-cultures, identities and groups. Flags are generally used under a creative commons licence and to be used at your own discretion.